



INSTRUCTIONS FOR

## PLASMA CUTTER INVERTER 40AMP

MODEL NO: **PP40H.V2**

Thank you for purchasing a Sealey product. Manufactured to a high standard, this product will, if used according to these instructions, and properly maintained, give you years of trouble free performance.

**IMPORTANT:** PLEASE READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY. NOTE THE SAFE OPERATIONAL REQUIREMENTS, WARNINGS & CAUTIONS. USE THE PRODUCT CORRECTLY AND WITH CARE FOR THE PURPOSE FOR WHICH IT IS INTENDED. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY CAUSE DAMAGE AND/OR PERSONAL INJURY AND WILL INVALIDATE THE WARRANTY. KEEP THESE INSTRUCTIONS SAFE FOR FUTURE USE.



Refer to  
Instruction  
Manual



Fire  
Hazard



Arc Rays  
Wear protective  
Eye protection



Electric Shock  
Hazard



Fumes / Gases  
Use in ventilated  
area



Hot surfaces  
Wear Protective  
Gloves



Magnetic Fields  
Produced

### 1. SAFETY

#### 1.1. ELECTRICAL SAFETY

- WARNING!** It is the user's responsibility to check the following:  
Check all electrical equipment and appliances to ensure that they are safe before using. Inspect power supply leads, plugs and all electrical connections for wear and damage. Sealey recommend that an RCD (Residual Current Device) is used with all electrical products. You may obtain an RCD by contacting your local Sealey dealer.  
If the Plasma cutter is used in the course of business duties, it must be maintained in a safe condition and routinely PAT (Portable Appliance Test) tested.  
Electrical safety information, it is important that the following information is read and understood.
- ✓ Ensure that the insulation on all cables and on the appliance is safe before connecting it to the power supply. Regularly inspect power supply cables and plugs for wear or damage and check all connections to ensure that they are secure.
- ✓ Ensure that the voltage rating on the appliance suits the power supply to be used and that the plug is fitted with the correct fuse - see fuse rating in these instructions.
- ✗ **DO NOT** pull or carry the appliance by the power cable.
- ✗ **DO NOT** pull the plug from the socket by the cable.
- ✗ **DO NOT** use worn or damaged cables, plugs or connectors. Ensure that any faulty item is repaired or replaced immediately by a qualified electrician.
- ✓ If the cable or plug is damaged during use, switch the electricity supply and remove from use.  
Ensure that repairs are carried out by a qualified electrician.  
A) Connect the GREEN/YELLOW earth wire to the earth terminal 'E'.  
B) Connect the BROWN live wire to the live terminal 'L'.  
C) Connect the BLUE neutral wire to the neutral terminal 'N'.  
Ensure that the cable outer sheath extends inside the cable restraint and that the restraint is tight.  
Sealey recommend that repairs are carried out by a qualified electrician.

**230V 1ph**  
**THE PLASMA INVERTER**  
**MUST BE CONNECTED TO A**  
**32AMP SUPPLY FOR**  
**MAXIMUM OUTPUT**

#### 1.2. GENERAL SAFETY

- WARNING!** Reminder, the electrical installation of the plasma cutting unit must only be carried out by a qualified electrician.
- WARNING!** Be very cautious if using a generator to power the inverter. The generator must be self regulating and stable with regard to voltage, waveform and frequency. The output must be greater than the power consumption of the inverter. If any of these requirements is not met the electronics within the inverter may be affected.
- WARNING!** The use of an unregulated generator may be dangerous and will invalidate the warranty.
- WARNING!** The inverter may produce voltage surges in the mains supply which can damage other sensitive equipment (e.g. computers). It is recommended that the inverter is connected to a power supply that does not feed any sensitive equipment.
- ✓ Ensure if an extension reel is used it should be as short as possible and fully unwound before connection. A reel with an RCD fitted is preferred since any appliance plugged into it will be protected. The cable core section is important and should be at least 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>, but to be absolutely sure that the capacity of the reel is suitable for this product and for others which may be used in the other output sockets, we recommend the use of 2.5mm<sup>2</sup> section cable.
- ▲ **DANGER!** Direct contact with the plasma inverter circuit or torch is dangerous. You **MUST** unplug the inverter from the mains power supply, before connecting or disconnecting cables or performing maintenance or service.
- ✓ Keep the plasma inverter, cables and torch in good condition. *Take immediate action to repair or replace damaged parts.*
- ✓ Use recommended parts and accessories only. *Unapproved parts may be dangerous and will invalidate the warranty.*
- ✓ Only use the cutting torch provided and ensure that any replacement is of the same type.
- ✓ Use the plasma inverter in a suitable work area. Ensure that the area has adequate ventilation as cutting fumes are harmful.
- ✓ For enclosed areas we recommend the use of an air and smoke extraction system. If you are not able to provide adequate extraction and/or ventilation, wear a respirator suitable for protection against toxic fumes, smoke and gases.
- ✓ Ensure that there are no obstructions to the flow of clean cool air and ensure that there are no conductive dusts, corrosive vapours or humidity which could enter the unit and cause serious damage.

- ❑ **WARNING:** Use a welding head shield to protect your eyes and avoid exposing skin to the ultraviolet rays given off by the electric arc. Always wear protective clothing, insulating gloves and shoes. Keep all protective items clean and undamaged.
- ✓ Remove ill fitting clothing before wearing protective clothing. Also remove watches, rings and other loose jewellery and contain long hair.
- ✓ Stand correctly, keeping a good footing and balance and ensure that the floor is not slippery. Wear non-slip shoes.
- ✓ Ensure that the workpiece is correctly secured before cutting.
- ✓ Avoid unintentional contact with the workpiece. Accidental or uncontrolled switching on of the torch may be dangerous and will wear the nozzle.
- ✓ Keep unauthorised persons away from the work area. Any persons working within the area must wear the same protective items as the operator.
- ✗ **DO NOT** use cables and torch if the insulation is worn or connections are loose.
- ✗ **DO NOT** attempt to fit any unauthorised torch or other component to the plasma cutting unit.
- ✗ **DO NOT** cut surfaces that are painted, galvanic coated, oily or greasy. These surfaces must be cleaned first. Wear a respirator suitable for protection against toxic fumes, smoke and gases.
- ✗ **DO NOT** use cables over 10m in length.
- ✗ **DO NOT** connect the return cable to any structure which is not part of the workpiece (other than a metal work bench supporting the workpiece).
- ▲ **DANGER! DO NOT** cut near flammable materials - solids, liquids, or gases. Remove all flammable materials such as waste rags etc.
- ✗ **DO NOT** cut containers or pipes which have held flammable materials - gases, liquids or solids. **DO NOT** cut materials that have been cleaned with chlorinated solvents (or near such solvents) as vapours from the arc action may produce toxic gases.
- ✗ **DO NOT** operate the inverter while under the influence of drugs, alcohol or intoxicating medication, or if tired.
- ✗ **DO NOT** use the plasma inverter for a task it is not designed to perform.
- ✗ **DO NOT** operate the plasma inverter if any parts are damaged or missing as this may cause failure and/or personal injury.
- ✗ **DO NOT** carry, or pull, the inverter by the leads or cables. **DO NOT** strain or bend the cables, protect them from sharp or abrasive items and **DO NOT** stand on them.
- ✓ Protect cables from heat. Long lengths of slack must be gathered and neatly coiled. **DO NOT** place cables where they will endanger others.
- ✗ **DO NOT** hold unsecured workpiece in your hand.
- ✗ **DO NOT** get the plasma inverter wet or use in damp or wet locations or areas where there is condensation.
- ✗ **DO NOT** touch the workpiece close to the cut as it will be very hot. Allow to cool. The cut edge of the workpiece will also be very sharp.
- ✗ **DO NOT** touch the torch immediately after use. Allow the torch to cool.
- ✓ When not in use store the unit in a safe, dry, childproof area.

## 2. INTRODUCTION

Inverter power supply fitted with plasma cutter control circuitry. Features 2 LEDs on the front panel indicating thermostatic protection and mains power. Supplied with a 6mtr plasma torch which has a regulated push button arc, to avoid having to touch the workpiece, 2mtr earth cable and 3mtr air hose. Ideal for cutting steel, stainless steel, galvanised steel, aluminium, copper and brass. Also features an internal regulator unit with panel-mounted pressure gauge. IP21S Rated.

## 3. SPECIFICATIONS

Model no: ..... PP40H.V2  
 Power Output: ..... 15-40A  
 Duty Cycle: ..... 35%@40A  
 ..... 60%@30.5A  
 ..... 100%@23.6A  
 Maximum Cutting Thickness: ..... 15mm  
 Air Requirements: ..... 300lt/min  
 Air pressure: ..... 45-70psi  
 Absorbed power: ..... 6.4kW  
 Supply: ..... 230V  
 Insulation: ..... H  
 Protection: ..... IP21S  
 Weight: ..... 11.3Kg  
 Replacement Consumables: .....  
 Electrode Short (pack Qty.): ..... PP40H.V2.E (5)  
 Nozzle, Short (pack Qty.): ..... PP40H.V2.N (5)  
 Diffuser (pack Qty.): ..... PP40H.V2.D (5)  
 Safety cap (pack Qty.): ..... PP40H.V2.SC (2)

## 4. SET UP AND CONTROLS

- ❑ **WARNING!** Before operating the machine ensure that you read, understand and apply Section 2 safety instructions. Ensure that the machine is disconnected from the power supply before moving or changing accessories.
- 4.1. **Air line**
- 4.1.1. The supplied braided hose is plain one end for customer adaptation and a 1/4" BSP female hexagon fitting the opposite end for connection to the unit. Connect the hose to the air supply nipple shown in fig.2, tighten to obtain a seal only.
- 4.2. **Torch lead**
- 4.2.1. Connect, hand tight, the 1/4" BSP female fitting to the air line connection nipple shown in fig.1.
- 4.2.2. Pull the collar of the 3 pin plug back toward the cable and plug into the socket, observing the fit one way groove, and release the collar. On removal, remember to pull back the collar initially and then the plug. **DO NOT** remove by pulling the cable.
- 4.2.3. Remove the pilot arc terminal knob fully and place the eye of the red cable over the screw and clamp with terminal knob.
- 4.3. **Locating the inverter**
- 4.3.1. Ensure that the work area has a good airflow and that there is no dust, smoke or gas present.
- 4.3.2. Ensure that there is a minimum clearance of 500mm around the machine, and that there are no obstacles to prevent a cool airflow. Also check to ensure that the front outlet and rear grilles are not blocked.

- 4.3.3. When moving the machine, disconnect from the mains power supply and gather all cables safely.
- 4.4. Connecting the “+”ve return cable**
- 4.4.1. Check that there is a good electrical contact. **Caution:** Ensure that you have made good contact on oxidised or coated sheets.
- 4.4.2. Make the earth connection as close to the cutting area as possible.
- × **DO NOT** connect to structures or objects, other than the metal work bench which is supporting the workpiece. To do so may damage the safety system and will give a poor cut.
  - × **DO NOT** make the earth connection to the part of the workpiece that will be removed.
- 4.5. Isolation switch**
- 4.5.1. The I/O (on/off) switch is located at the rear of the machine (fig.2) . A green LED will illuminate on the front panel (fig.1) indicating that mains power is present. The control and duty circuits are now live but the torch will remain in ‘stand-by’ mode until the air supply is connected and the torch button is pressed.
- 4.6. Cutting regulator**
- 4.6.1. The cutting current is regulated by the knob/potentiometer on the front panel (fig.1).
- 4.7. Torch control**
- 4.7.1. When the machine is turned on, the green indicator light (fig.1) will show that the torch is in “Stand-By” mode
- 4.7.2. When the torch button is pressed the machine is activated as a safety feature, should the following situations arise, the torch will automatically de-activate:
- a) During Post-Air (>30sec) phase.
  - b) If the pilot arc is not moved to the workpiece within 2 seconds.
  - c) If the cutting arc is interrupted because the torch is held too far from the workpiece, or if the electrode is worn out, or if the torch has been forced away from the workpiece.
  - d) If the warning LED illuminates indicating either mains voltage fluctuation or overheating.
- 4.8. Thermal switch and mains voltage fault**
- 4.8.1. If the yellow LED (fig.1) on the front panel illuminates this indicates a mains voltage or thermal problem and the machine will be automatically shut down as a result of one of the following:
- a) The power transformer has overheated.
  - b) There has been a decrease or increase in the mains voltage supplied to the machine.
- When the safety switch is activated in this way the problem is normally self-rectifying, and dependant upon duty cycle time, see rating plate in section 9. The switch will re-set and the LED will go out and the machine is then ready for use again.
- 4.9. Torch**
- 4.9.1. Although the machine and torch may be fully powered, the torch button is the only way to activate the cutting process.
- 4.9.2. To turn the cutting process on, the torch button must be fully depressed.
- 4.9.3. Release the button and the cutting cycle will stop immediately. The cooling air (post-air) will continue to flow for a further 30 seconds.
- 4.9.4. **Note:** To minimise the possibility of accidental starting, the button must be pressed for at least 1/5 of a second before the cutting operation will start.

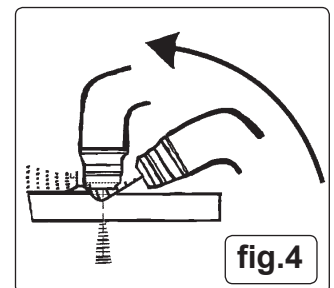
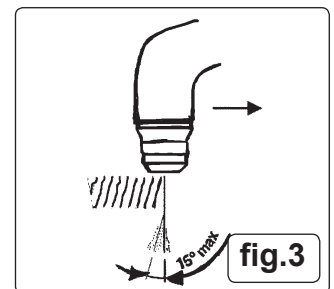


## 5. AIR SUPPLY

- 5.1. Connect the air supply to the inverter. Pull up the regulator knob, sited on the inverter top face to regulate and push down to lock.
- 5.2. Ensure that the air supply pressure is set to a minimum of 80psi. The PP40H inverter requires 45-70psi and can be adjusted locally by rotating the regulator knob in (5.1). The inverter pressure gauge is on the front face in (fig.1).
- ☐ **WARNING!** Ensure that the air supply is clean and lubricated by fitting an filter, regulator and lubricator in the supply air line.
- 5.3. Drain the compressor air tank daily.
- 5.4. Clean the compressor air inlet filter screen weekly.
- 5.5. Line pressure should be increased to compensate for unusually long air hoses (over 8 metres). The minimum hose bore should be 10mm and fittings must have the same inside dimensions.
- 5.6. Keep hoses away from heat, oil and sharp edges. Check hoses for wear, and make certain that all connections are secure.

## 6. OPERATION

- ☐ **WARNING!** Before operating the machine ensure that you read, understand and apply Section 2 safety instructions and that you have familiarised yourself with the controls. Ensure that the machine is disconnected from the power supply before moving or changing accessories.
- 6.1. **Set-up** (air supply connection, see section 5)
- 6.1.1. Check that the earth cable is correctly clamped to the workpiece or work bench
- 6.1.2. Switch on the mains power supply. Switch on the machine by operating the I/O switch on the rear panel (fig.2).
- 6.1.3. Set the current regulation control (fig.1) to the required value.
- 6.1.4. Press the torch button and release to commence the flow of cooling air (post-air).
- 6.1.5. Allow the air flow to continue to remove any condensation from the torch. The air flow will automatically stop after approx. 30secs.
- NOTE:** Longer than standard nozzles and electrodes are available to improve accessibility in awkward cutting positions.
- 6.2. **Cutting from the edge**
- 6.2.1. Bring the torch nozzle toward the edge of the workpiece and hold it at 3mm above the cutting line.
- 6.2.2. Press and hold down the torch button. After about 1/5 of a second of pre-air, the pilot arc will be generated. If the distance between the torch nozzle and the workpiece is correct, the arc will immediately jump to the workpiece and the cutting process will begin.
- 6.2.3. Move the torch slowly and smoothly forward, on the surface of the workpiece, along the cutting line.
- 6.2.4. Adjust the cutting speed according to the thickness of the material and the selected current.
- 6.2.5. Check the underside of the cut. The arc should make a 5 - 10° angle with the vertical in the opposite direction to the cutting direction (fig.3).
- 6.3. **Cutting from the centre**
- 6.3.1. Place the torch nozzle at an angle to the surface at the start-of-cut position (fig.4).
- 5.3.2. Initiate the pilot arc, then slowly and smoothly bring the torch head to the upright position. The arc will pierce the workpiece and cutting can start.
- 6.4. **Arc off**
- 6.4.1. Release the torch button to switch off the arc. The post-air will continue to flow, cooling the nozzle.
- 6.4.2. Other reasons for the arc ceasing are:
- The distance between the torch nozzle and workpiece is too great.
  - You have completed a cut and have continued beyond the edge of a workpiece.
  - The waste falls away from the workpiece thus increasing the gap.



## 7. MAINTENANCE

- ▲ **DANGER!** Ensure that the machine is disconnected from the power supply before performing service or maintenance on any part of the unit, cables or torch.
- 7.1. **The inverter.**
- × **DO NOT** open the unit. Service and maintenance of the machine must only be undertaken by an authorised service agent.
- 7.1.1. Keep the machine clean by wiping with a soft cloth. **DO NOT** use abrasives.
- 7.1.2. Periodically check to ensure that the carrying handle is in good order and condition. If not replace it immediately.
- 7.1.3. Ensure that the front and rear air vents are not blocked.
- 7.2. **Cables and leads**
- 7.2.1. Check to ensure cables and leads are in good condition. If damaged, contact your authorised service agent.
- 7.2.2. Keep cables and leads clean. **DO NOT** use solvents.
- 7.3. **Torch**
- Check torch regularly. Maintenance will depend on frequency and type of usage and is essential for correct and safe use of the torch.
- ☐ **WARNING!** Ensure that the torch is cool before attempting any maintenance. Always re-assemble the torch in the correct order as shown in (fig.5). Never use tools to tighten nozzle components, hand tighten only.
- 7.3.1. Manually dismantle the torch nozzle head.
- 7.3.2. **Cap** (fig.5).  
Clean cap and check to ensure it is not damaged (including distortion, burns, cracks). If in any doubt, replace.
- 7.4. **Electrode** (fig.5).  
Check the build-up on the emitting surface of the electrode. When the build-up is approximately 2mm replace the electrode.  
**NOTE:** We recommend that the electrode and nozzle are changed at the same time.
- 7.4.1. **Diffuser** (fig.5).  
Check that the ring is not burned or cracked and that the airflow holes are not obstructed. If damaged replace.
- 7.4.2. **Nozzle** (fig.5).  
If the surface is oxidised, clean with extra fine abrasive paper. Check wear of the plasma arc hole and the inner and outer surfaces. If hole has widened, or nozzle is damaged in any way, replace it. The nozzle "V" crater should be 1.5mm in depth.



## 8. TROUBLESHOOTING

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
Insufficient penetration or excessive scoria settlement.	Cutting speed too fast Touch angle too great Workpiece is too thick Electrode and nozzle are worn out	Slow the cutting speed. Adjust the torch angle. Confirm workpiece thickness and re-check technical data. Replace electrode and nozzle.
Interruption of cutting arc.	Cutting speed too low Excessive distance between torch and workpiece. Electrode is worn out. Intervention of the protection system.	Increase the cutting speed. Decrease the distance between torch and workpiece. Replace electrode and nozzle. Check warning lights and take appropriate action.
The torch is cutting at tilt when you wish it to be perpendicular.	Torch position not correct. Asymmetric wear of nozzle hole and/or wrong assembly of torch parts.	Re-align the torch. Check assembly (see fig.5) and change nozzle if necessary.
Excessive wear of nozzle and electrode.	Air pressure too low. Contaminated air (humidity-oil). Excessive pilot arc ignitions in the air. Nozzle holder damaged.	Increase air pressure (see Section 5). Check air supply system (see Sections 4, 5 & 7). Do not casually turn the torch on and off. Change the nozzle holder.

## 9. RATINGS PLATE

Sole UK Distributor Sealey Group, Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk, IP32 7AR					
Sealey part number	Model No. PP40H.v2				
Internal wiring information		EN 60974-1			
Plasma symbol		15 A / 86 V ~ 40 A / 96 V			
Max open circuit voltage	$U_0 = 293 V$	X	40 %	60 %	100 %
		$I_2$	40 A	33 A	25 A
AC supply details		$U_1 = 230 V$ (220 V ~ 240 V)	$I_{1max} = 28 A$	$I_{1eff} = 17.7 A$	
	IP21S				

Equipment safety standard

Cutting current range and corresponding voltages.

X Duty cycle based on 10 mins (35% indicates 3.5mins cutting 6.5mins rest, 100% indicates continuous usage.  
 $I_2$ ,  $U_2$ : current and corresponding voltage.

Rated supply voltage

Effective current supplied

Insulation protection rating

Max RMS current absorbed

## 10. ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY

- 10.1. THIS EQUIPMENT IS IN CONFORMITY WITH THE EUROPEAN STANDARD ON THE ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY OF ARC WELDING EQUIPMENT AND SIMILAR PROCESSES (e.g. ARC AND PLASMA CUTTING )**
- 10.2. Protection against interference.** (E.M.C.) The emission limits in this standard may not, however, provide full protection against interference to radio and television reception when the equipment is used closer than 30m to the receiving antenna. In special cases, when highly susceptible apparatus is being used in close proximity, additional mitigation measures may have to be employed in order to reduce the electromagnetic emissions.
- 10.3. Installation and use.** The user is responsible for installing and using the equipment according to these instructions. If electromagnetic disturbances are detected, then it shall be the responsibility of the user of the equipment to resolve the situation with the technical assistance of the supplier. In some cases this remedial action may be as simple as earthing the circuit (see Note:). In other cases it could involve constructing an electromagnetic screen, enclosing the welding power source and the work, complete with associated **NOTE:** The welding/cutting circuit may or may not be earthed for safety reasons. Changing the earthing arrangements should only be authorised by a person who is competent to assess whether the changes will increase the risk of injury, e.g. by allowing parallel welding/cutting circuit return paths which may damage the earth circuits of other equipment. Further guidance is given in IEC 974-13 Arc Welding Equipment - Installation and Use.'
- 10.4. Assessment of area.** Before installing the equipment the user shall make an assessment of potential electromechanical problems in the surrounding area. The size of the surrounding area to be considered will depend on the structure of the building and other activities that are taking place. The surrounding area may extend beyond the boundaries of the premises.  
The following shall be taken into account:
- a) Other supply cables, control cables, signalling and telephone cables, above, below and adjacent to the welding equipment.
  - b) Radio and television transmitters and receivers.
  - c) Computer and other control equipment.
  - d) Safety critical equipment, e.g. security monitoring of industrial equipment.
  - e) The health of people in the vicinity, e.g. persons fitted with a pacemaker or hearing aid.
  - f) Equipment used for calibration or measurement.
  - g) The immunity of other equipment in the environment. The user shall ensure that other equipment being used in the environment is compatible. This may require additional protective measures.
  - h) The time of day that welding and other activities are to be carried out.
- 10.5. Mains supply.** The equipment should be connected to the mains supply according to these instructions. If interference occurs, it may be necessary to take additional precautions such as filtering of the mains supply. Consideration should also be given to shielding the supply cable of permanently installed equipment in metallic conduit or equivalent. This shielding should be connected to the power source so that good electrical contact is maintained between the conduit and the welding power source enclosure
- 10.6. Maintenance of the equipment.** The equipment should be routinely maintained according to these instructions. All access and service covers should be closed and properly fastened when the welding equipment is in operation. The welding equipment should not be modified in any way except for those changes and adjustments covered in these instructions. In particular, the spark gaps of any arc striking and stabilising devices should be adjusted and maintained according to the instructions.
- 10.7. Cables.** The welding/cutting cables should be kept as short as possible and should be positioned close together, running at or close to the floor level.
- 10.8. Equipotential bonding.** Bonding of all metallic components in the welding/cutting installation and adjacent to it should be considered. However, metallic components bonded to the workpiece will increase the risk that the operator could receive a shock by touching these metallic components and the electrode at the same time. The operator should be insulated from all such bonded metallic components.
- 10.9. Earthing of the workpiece.** It is important that the workpiece is separately bonded to earth in addition to the welder/inverter return cable. Where the workpiece is not bonded to earth for electrical safety reasons or because of its size and position, e.g. ship's hull or building steelwork, a connection bonding the workpiece to earth may reduce emissions in some, but not all instances. Care should be taken to prevent the earthing of the workpiece increasing the risk of injury to others or damage to other electrical equipment. Where necessary, the connection of the workpiece to earth should be made by a direct connection to the workpiece, but in some countries where direct connection is not permitted, the bonding should be achieved by a suitable capacitance, selected according to national regulations.
- 10.10. Screening and shielding.** Selective screening and shielding of other cables and equipment in the surrounding area may alleviate problems of interference. Screening of the entire welding/cutting installation may be considered for special applications.



### ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION

Recycle unwanted materials instead of disposing of them as waste. All tools, accessories and packaging should be sorted, taken to a recycling centre and disposed of in a manner which is compatible with the environment. When the product becomes completely unserviceable and requires disposal, drain any fluids (if applicable) into approved containers and dispose of the product and fluids according to local regulations.



### WEEE REGULATIONS

Dispose of this product at the end of its working life in compliance with the EU Directive on Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE). When the product is no longer required, it must be disposed of in an environmentally protective way. Contact your local solid waste authority for recycling information.

**Note:** It is our policy to continually improve products and as such we reserve the right to alter data, specifications and component parts without prior notice. Please note that other versions of this product are available. If you require documentation for alternative versions, please email or call our technical team on [technical@sealey.co.uk](mailto:technical@sealey.co.uk) or 01284 757505. **Important:** No Liability is accepted for incorrect use of this product.

**Warranty:** Guarantee is 12 months from purchase date, proof of which is required for any claim.

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