

Dear Customer

Thank you for purchasing this Trend product, we hope you enjoy many years of creative and productive use.

Please remember to return your guarantee card within 28 days of purchase.

## CONTENTS

<b>TECHNICAL DATA</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>SAFETY</b>	<b>2-3</b>
<b>ITEMS ENCLOSED</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>DESCRIPTION OF PARTS</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>ACCESSORIES</b>	
– Recommended Cutters	6
– Sub-base Set	6
– 30mm Guide Bush	6
– Panel Butt Connectors Bolts	7
– Biscuit Jointer for the Router	7
– Flat Biscuit Dowels	7
– Clamp	7
<b>ASSEMBLY</b>	
– Location Bush Identification	8
– Margin Distance	8
– Setting out the Joints	8
<b>OPERATION</b>	
– Setting the Length Stop	9
– Female Joint	9
– Male Joint	10
– Out-of-Square Joints	10
– Cutting the Bolt Recesses	11
– Strengthening the Joint	11
– Sealing the Joint	12
– Radius Corner	12
– 22.5° Hob Mitre Joint	13
– Curved Peninsular	13
– 45° Angle End Cut	14
<b>MAINTENANCE</b>	<b>15</b>
<b>RECYCLING &amp; GUARANTEE</b>	<b>15</b>
<b>SPARE PARTS</b>	
– Spare Parts List	16
– Spare Parts Diagram	16
<b>TROUBLESHOOTING</b>	<b>1B</b>

## TECHNICAL DATA

Jig thickness	12mm
Cutter size	12.7mm
Workpiece thickness max.	45mm
Worktop width	min. 400mm
	max. 900mm
Guide bush size	30mm
Weight	5.5kg

The following symbols are used throughout this manual:



Denotes risk of personal injury, loss of life or damage to the tool in case of non-observance of the instructions in this manual.



Refer to the instruction manual of your power tool.

This unit must not be put into service until it has been established that the power tool to be connected to this unit is in compliance with 98/37/EC (identified by the CE marking on the power tool).



If you require further technical information or spare parts, please call our technical support department on 01923 224681.

## SAFETY



Observe the safety regulations in the instruction manual of the Power Tool to be used or connected to this attachment. Also observe any applicable additional safety rules. Read the following safety instructions before attempting to operate this product.

### PLEASE KEEP THESE INSTRUCTIONS IN A SAFE PLACE.

The attention of UK users is drawn to The Provision and Use of Work Equipment Regulations 1998, and any subsequent amendments.

### General

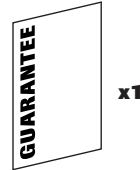
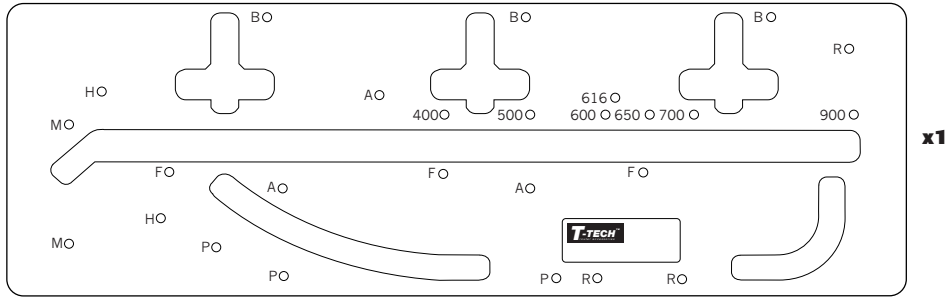
- Disconnect power tool, when not in use. Before servicing and when changing accessories such as cutters. Disconnect power tool and attachment from power supply. Ensure the machine is switched off before plugging tool in or connecting to a power supply.
- Always mount the power tool, accessory or attachment in conformity with the present instructions.
- Keep children and visitors away. Do not let children or visitors touch the tool, accessory or attachment. Keep children and visitors away from work area.
- Make the workshop child proof with padlock and master switch.
- Dress properly. Do not wear loose clothing or jewellery, they can be caught in moving parts. Rubber gloves and non-skid footwear is recommended when working outdoors. Wear protective hair covering to contain long hair.
- Consider working environment. Do not use the product in the rain or in a damp environment. Keep work area well lit. Do not use power tools near gasoline or flammable liquids. Keep workshop at a comfortable temperature so your hands are not cold.
- The accessory or attachment must be kept level and stable at all times.
- Keep work area clean. Cluttered workshops and benches can cause injuries
- Use the attachment with the power tools and accessories specified in this manual only. Do not force the tool or attachment to do a job for which it is not designed.
- Secure idle tools. When not in use, tools should be stored in a dry and high or locked up place, out of reach of children.
- For best control and safety use both hands on the power tool and attachment. Keep both hands away from cutting area. Always wait for the spindle and cutter to stop rotating before making any adjustments.
- Always keep guards in place and in good working order.
- Remove any nails, staples and other metal parts from the workpiece.
- Maintain tools and cutters with care. Keep cutters sharp and clean for better and safer performance. Do not use damaged cutters. Follow instructions for lubricating and changing accessories. Keep handles dry, clean and free from oil and grease.
- Maintain accessories. Do not use damaged accessories. Only use accessories recommended by the manufacturer.
- Check damaged parts. Before operation inspect the attachment, the power tool, the cable, extension cable and the plug carefully for signs of damage. Check for alignment of moving parts, binding, breakage, mounting and any other conditions that may effect its operation. Have any damage repaired by an Authorised Service Agent before using the tool or accessory.
- Do not use tool if switch does not turn it on or off. Have defective switches replaced by an Authorised Service Agent.
- Don't over reach. Keep proper footing and balance at all times.
- Don't abuse the cable. Never carry power tool or accessory by cord or pull it to disconnect from the socket. Keep cord from heat, oil and sharp edges. Always trail the power cord away from the work area.
- Connect dust extraction equipment. If devices are provided for the connection of dust extraction and collection facilities, ensure these are connected and properly used.
- Check all fixing and fastening nuts, bolts and screws before use to ensure they are tight and secure. Periodically check when machining over long periods.
- Stay alert. Watch what you are doing. Use common sense. Do not operate tools when you are tired, under the influence of drugs or alcohol.
- Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). All PPE must meet current UK and EU legislation.
- Do not leave tools running unattended. Do not leave tool until it comes to a complete stop.
- Always clamp workpiece being machined securely.
- Only use cutting tools for woodworking that meet EN847-1/2 safety standards, and any subsequent amendments.

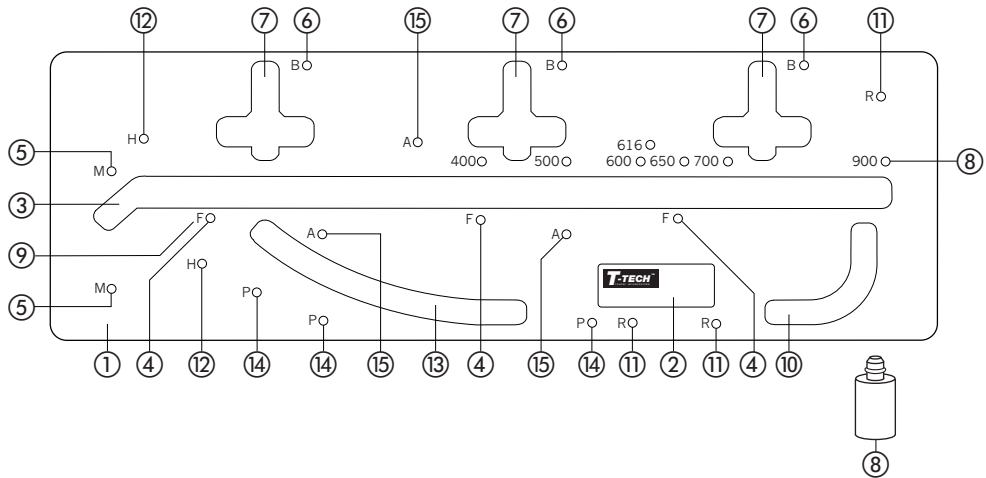
### Routing Safety

- Disconnect router power tool. When not in use, before servicing and when changing accessories such as cutters, disconnect router and attachment from power supply.
- Ensure router cutter has stopped rotating before changing it. Never use the spindle lock as a brake.
- Remove adjusting keys and spanners. Form the habit of checking to see that keys and adjusting spanners are removed from the router tool, cutter and attachment before turning router on. Make sure cutter can rotate freely.
- Check all ball bearing and blade fixing screws before use to ensure they are tight and secure. Periodically check when machining over long periods.
- When using a template guide bush ensure it cannot come into contact with collet and nut.
- Noise. Take appropriate measures for the protection of hearing if the sound pressure of 85dB(A) is exceeded. Routing sound pressure may exceed 85dB(A), so ear protection must be worn.

- Eye protection. Wear safety goggles, spectacles or visors to protect the eyes from ejected waster particles.
  - Respiratory protection. Wear a face or dust mask, or powered respirator. Dust masks/filters should be changed regularly.
  - Do not switch router on with the cutter touching the workpiece.
  - The direction of routing must always be opposite to the cutter's direction of rotation.
  - After work, release the router plunge and allow spindle to stop rotating before putting machine down.
  - Check before cutting that there are no obstructions in the path of the router. When cutting through the full thickness of the workpiece, ensure there are no obstacles beneath workpiece, and that a sacrificial work surface is used.
- Additional Safety Rules For Router Cutters**
- Cutting tools are sharp. Care should be taken when handling them.
  - Always use cutters with a shank diameter corresponding to the size of the collet installed in your tool.
  - Always run router cutters at the spindle speed recommended and marked accordingly. Ensure cutter has reached correct speed before entering workpiece. Recommended speeds can be found on the packaging, in cutter instructions or in the Trend Routing Catalogue.
  - Always use router cutters in a router. Router cutters must not be used in a drill. Drill and boring bits must not be used in a router. Router cutters must only be used for the material cutting application for which they are designed. Do not use on metal or masonry.
  - Never use cutters with a diameter exceeding the maximum diameter indicated in the technical data of the power tool or attachment used.
  - Do not drop cutters or knock them against hard objects. Do not use cutters that are damaged.
  - Cutters should be kept clean. Resin build up should be removed at regular intervals with Resin Cleaner<sup>®</sup>. The use of a dry lubricant (Trendicote<sup>®</sup> PTFE) will act as a preventative. Do not use PTFE spray on plastic parts.
  - Cutter shanks should be inserted into the collet to the mark line on the shank. This ensures that at least 3/4 of the shank length is held in the collet. Do not over-tighten the collet nut as this will score the shank and create a weakness and fracture point.
  - Observe the correct assembly instructions in the router instruction manual for fitting the collet and nut. Observe the router power tool manual instructions on fitting cutters correctly.
  - It is advisable to periodically check the collet and collet nut. A worn, distorted or damaged collet can cause vibration and damage the shank, and should be replaced. Worn collet nuts should be replaced.
  - Do not take deep cuts in one pass; take several shallow or light passes to reduce the side load applied to the cutter. Too deep a cut in one pass can stall the router.
  - Very small diameter cutters must be handled and used with care.
  - Always return cutter to its packaging after use.
  - Should you experience excessive vibration during use stop immediately. Have the eccentricity of the router, router cutter and clamping system checked.
  - All fastening screws and nuts should be tightened using the appropriate spanner or key in accordance with the manufacturers instructions.
- Useful Advice When Routing**
- Ensure a No-Volt Release Switch is fixed to or adjacent to the attachment and that it is used correctly.
  - Check the direction of the workpiece is always opposite to the cutter's direction of rotation.
  - Do not use awkward or uncomfortable hand positions.
  - Do not reach underneath table or put your hands or fingers at any time in the cutting path while tool is connected to a power supply.
  - Judge your feed rate by the sound of the motor. Feed the router at a constant feed rate. Too slow a feed rate will result in burning.
  - Take many light passes rather than one deep cut to reduce the side load applied to both router and router cutter.
  - Trial cuts should be made on waste material before starting any project.
  - When using some attachments including a router table or dovetail jig, the use of a fine height adjuster is highly recommended.
  - When using a template guide bush, ensure there is sufficient clearance between cutter tip and inside edge of bush. Ensure cutter and guide bush are concentric.
- Router Cutter Maintenance**
- Composite cutting tools (brazed tip) must be maintained by a competent person i.e. a person of training and experience, who has knowledge of the design requirements and understands the levels of safety to be achieved.
  - The design of composite tools must not be changed in the process of maintenance.
  - Replacement parts must meet Trend specification.
  - Tolerances which ensure correct clamping by the collet shall be maintained.
  - When re-grinding the tool, care must be taken not to cause weakening of the body or the connection between the cutting edge and the body.

**ITEMS ENCLOSED**



**DESCRIPTION  
OF PARTS**


- ① Jig body
- ② Label
- ③ Postform joint slot
- ④ Female joint bush location hole
- ⑤ Male joint bush location hole
- ⑥ Bolt recess bush location hole
- ⑦ Connecting bolt recess slot
- ⑧ Alloy location bush
- ⑨ Location hole code
- ⑩ Radius corner slot
- ⑪ Radius corner bush location hole
- ⑫ 22.5° Mitre (Hob) joint bush location hole
- ⑬ Curved peninsular slot
- ⑭ Curved peninsular bush location hole
- ⑮ 45° Angle end cut bush location hole

## ACCESSORIES

### Recommended Cutters

Ref. NLE50RB or TT/50X1/2TC

A 12.7mm (1/2") diameter cutter must be used, which has a 50mm cutting reach and plunge cut facility.

Router must be plunged in stages of maximum 8mm in one pass.



### Sub-base Set Ref. TT/UNIBASE

To obtain a perfect accurate close fitting joint, a 30mm guide bush must be used. The guide bush must always be fitted concentric with the cutter. This can be achieved using a T-TECH Universal Sub-base and 30mm outside diameter guide bush ref. TT/GB30.

The T-TECH Universal Sub-base has a central recess to allow fitting of the T-TECH guide bush to most makes of routers and is available ready to fit the most popular makes.

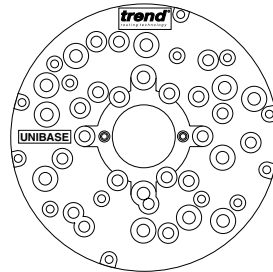
The Sub-base contains screws, a line up bush and two line up pins. The line up pins and bush ensure exact alignment of Sub-base with router spindle, when fitted with the relevant collet.

### General instructions for fitting Sub-bases to Router

1. Fit line up guide bush onto sub-base, with screws supplied.
2. Fit 12.7mm (1/2") shank line up pin into collet of router. Plunge router until pin projects through base and lock plunge.
3. Locate guide bush and sub-base assembly over protruding pin.
4. Line up fixing holes and fit screws.
5. Now tighten up screws.
6. Remove line up bush and line up pin. Alignment should now be correct. Fit 30mm guide bush and cutter.
7. Periodically check the sub-base is concentric to the spindle of the router.

### 30mm Guide Bush

Ref. TT/GB30/B



### Fits following Router Models

**Performance Pro** CLM1250R >11/2003, CLM2050R  
**T-TECH** TT/R127 **Atlas Copco** OFSE2000 **Bosch** GOF 1300ACE, 1600A, 1700ACE **Casals** FT2000VCE **DeWalt** DW625EK, 629 **Draper** R1900V **Elu** MOF 31, 77, 98, 131, 177(E) **Felisatti** TP246(E), R346EC **Festo** OF2000E **Freud** FT2000E **Hitachi** MI12V, M12SA, TR12 **Makita** 3612BR, 3612(C) **Metabo** OF1612, OFE1812 **Ryobi** RE600N, R600N, RE601, R500, R502 **Skil** 1875U1 **Wadkin** R500

### Description

Universal sub-base

### Order Ref.

TT/UNIBASE

### Description

30mm guide bush to fit sub-base

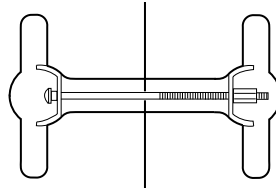
### Order Ref.

TT/GB30/B

**Panel Butt Connector Bolts**

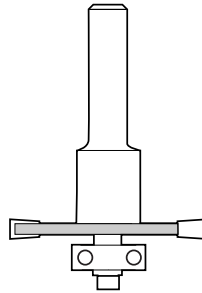
Ref. TT/PC/10M (Pack of ten)

Panel butt connectors are essential for connecting worktops. They fit into the recess on the underside of the worktop and are tightened with a 10mm spanner. The jig has integral bolt recess slots to allow the bolt recess to be cut in the underside of the worktop, using the standard router cutter. The recess is elongated to allow easy access for the spanner.


**Biscuit Jointer for the Router**

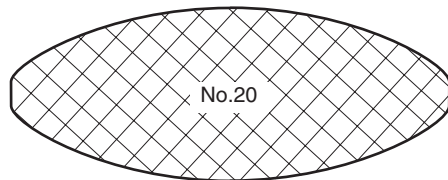
Ref. TT/48X1/2TC

Worktops with inadequate support below them need additional stability by biscuit jointing the edges. The T-TECH biscuit jointing set for the router together with the No.20 biscuits will ensure worktops do not sag or warp in time.


**Flat Biscuit Dowels**

Ref. TT/BSC/20 (Pack of 100 biscuits)

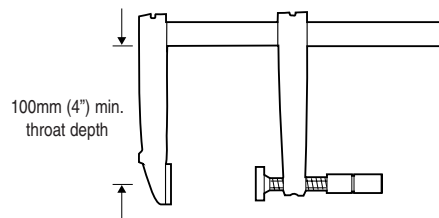
Biscuits are used to strengthen the joint. When used with PVA glue they expand ensuring a tight joint.


**Clamp**

Two heavy duty quick action or gripper clamps with throats of at least 100mm (4") are required to secure the jig to the worktop.



**Whenever fast action clamps are used, ensure they do not foul the router path and that they are securely tightened.**



**ASSEMBLY**

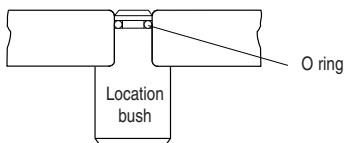
**Location Bush Identification**

Three location bushes are used in different holes in the jig to align the correct template aperture for the application.

The holes are coded for easy identification with dots as follows:

- F – Female Joint
- M – Male Joint
- H – Hob Mitre Joint
- B – Connector Bolt Recess
- A– 45° Angle End
- P– Curved Peninsular
- R– Radius Corner

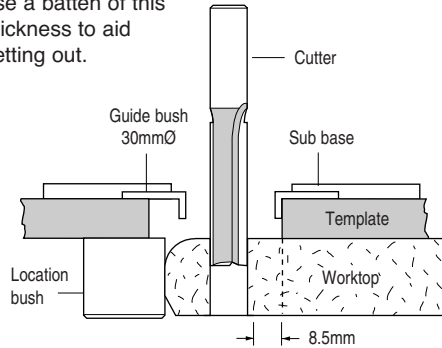
Location bushes are held in position by 'O' rings. Insert the smallest end of the bush into the hole by lightly pushing and turning at the same time. If the bushes are tight use a lubricant on the 'O' ring. Ensure bushes are fully home before use. When using jig ensure location bushes do not foul workbench.



**In order to prevent breakout of the laminate, rotation of the cutter and feed direction must always be into the postform edge of the worktop.**

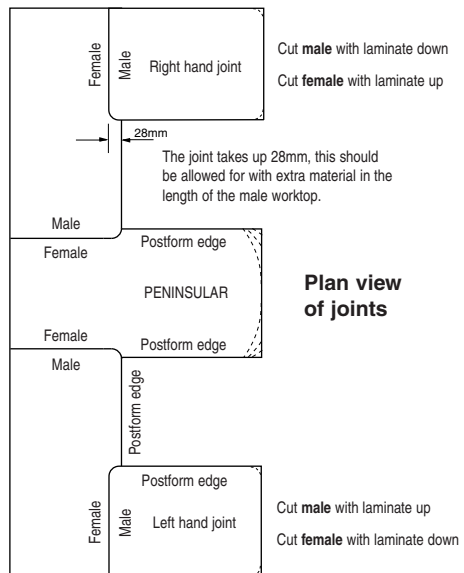
**Margin Distance**

Allow 8.5mm when cutting joints. Measure or use a batten of this thickness to aid setting out.



**Setting out the Joints**

When cutting a joint ensure location bushes contact the postformed edge of the worktop. For certain joints the worktop will need to be inverted so that all cuts are made into the postformed edge, never out through it. When routing worktop the balancing paper on the underside may feather edge – this feather edge should be removed with abrasive paper.





**OPERATION**

**Setting the Length Stop for the Female Cut**

Carry out the setting operation first:

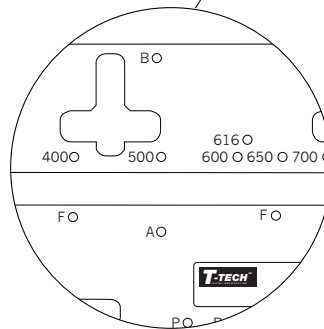
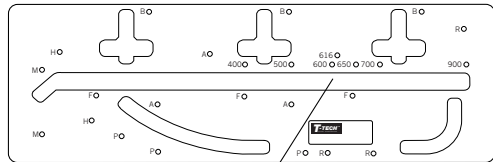
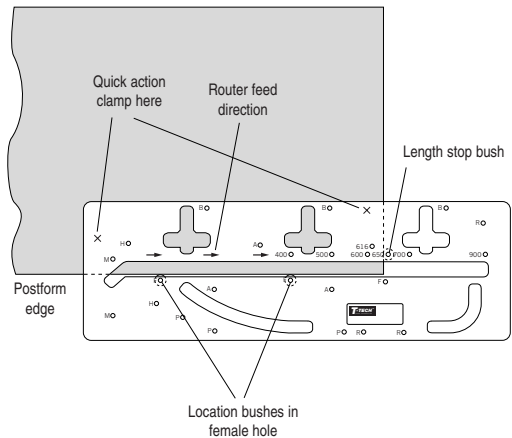
- With the label side uppermost fit the length stop bush in one of the two holes depending on the width of the worktop. If worktop is not 400mm, 500mm, 600mm, 616mm, 650mm, 700mm or 900mm a packing piece, or a new hole to correct position will suffice.

**Female Joint**


- Fit two location bushes in female holes (F) as shown. (The label must be uppermost) Leave the length stop bush in position.
- Place the template onto the worktop to be cut, ensuring the location bushes are touching the worktop. Now clamp securely in position using two quick action clamps (with minimum of 100mm throat) ensuring they will not foul the router path.
- Set cutter depth.
- Plunge router and cut joint in a series of passes, feeding left to right.



**When cutting a joint, hold the router guide bush hard against the template and cut from left to right. It is recommended that the depth stops of the router are used to set the depths of cut. Several shallow passes of the router should be made and it is not necessary to lean heavily on the router or the jig. Allow the weight of the router to rest on the part of the template which is resting on the worktop. Ensure router remains parallel and upright at all times.**

**Setting the Length Stop**

**Routing the female part of the joint**


### Male Joint

Depending on accessibility lay female worktop into position on units. Lay male worktop on top and support other end. Using a pencil draw round the female cut onto the male. If inaccessible lay female onto male. Depending on a right or left hand joint, the pencil line may need to be transferred on to the other side. Due to the difference between the cutter and the guide bush diameters, the cutter path (or cut line) will be 8.5mm over from the edge of the template, therefore either measure 8.5mm or use a packing piece of this size to offset the template by this amount to ensure the cutter cuts along the pencil line.

The postformed edge of the worktop must always be in contact with the location bushes, this means that to cut a male right hand joint, the worktop must be inverted. Remembering to cut into the postformed edge.

- Insert two location bushes into male holes (M) as shown, label facing down.
- Place template across the width of the worktop and clamp securely to worktop.
- Set cutter depth. Plunge router and cut the male joint before finally cutting the work-top to length. A series of passes should be made feeding from left to right.

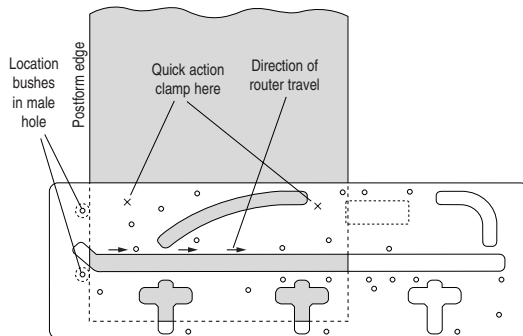
### Out-of-square Joints (max. 3°)\*

It may not be possible to position all joints at 90°, in this case it is the male part of the joint that has to be adjusted.

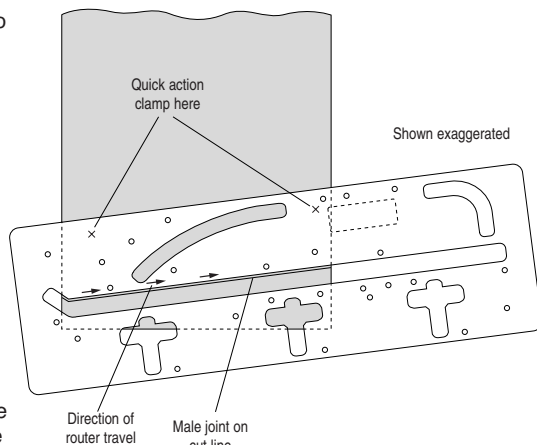
The length stop has a mitred end which is used to set up for an out-of-square joint up to 3°.

To mark out an out-of-square joint, first lay the female worktop on the cupboard carcass in its correct position. Next lay the male section of the worktop on the carcass and on top of the female section of the worktop. Support the other end of the male worktop. Using a pencil and from underneath the worktop mark around the female joint onto the male section of the worktop, if access is difficult lay the female worktop onto the male worktop, support other end and mark with pencil from above. This drawn line is the male joint cut line.

### Routing the male part of the Joint



### Cutting male joint on out-of-square joints



#### \* Please Note:

Out-of-square joints are possible, but the finished joint will not be as good as a 90° joint.

**Cutting the Bolt Recesses** 

When the joint has been tested, proceed as follows to cut the recess for panel butt connectors on the underside of the worktop. The same cutter and guide bush are retained and used with the integral bolt recess slots in the jig to produce the recesses for the panel butt connectors. The bolt recess position can be gauged approximately 150mm from the edge of the postform edge, or where access is possible with kitchen units. Mark with pencil both positions on the underside of the worktop. Insert the location bushes into the bolt recess holes (B) as shown.

- The template may need to be inverted when cutting some bolt recesses.
- Securely clamp jig to worktop.
- The bolt recesses should be approximately 20mm deep although this will depend upon the thickness of worktop.
- Once one bolt recess is cut move jig over to the remaining pencil lines and repeat.
- Repeat the procedure for the male joint.



**Best results are achieved when the centre line of the bolt corresponds to the centre line of the worktop. Clamp jig securely to worktop.**

Worktop Thickness	Recess Depth
30	22mm
40	28mm

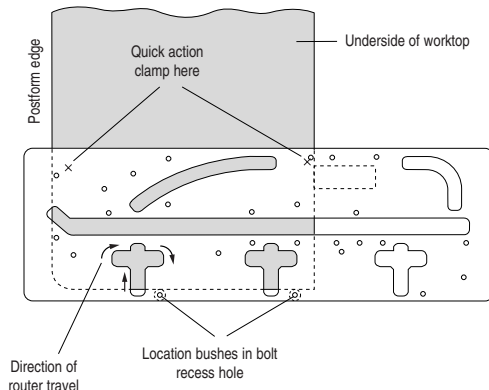
**Strengthening the Joint** 

If the joint between the worktops is not supported underneath, after some time the joint may 'sag' and become misaligned; to reduce this the joint should be reinforced with a loose tongue or biscuit dowels. The biscuit jointing cutter set T-TECH Ref. TT/48 can be used with a portable router. The size of biscuit used should be No. 20.

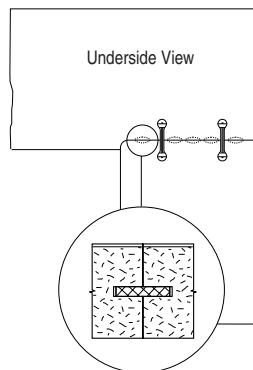
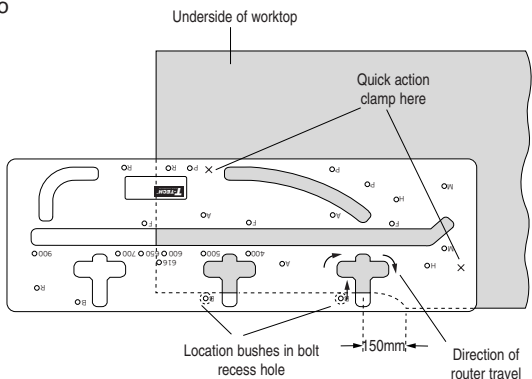
Ref. TT/BSC/20 (100 biscuits)

A 650mm worktop should have at least 5 biscuits.

**Routing the bolt recess in the male part of the joint** 



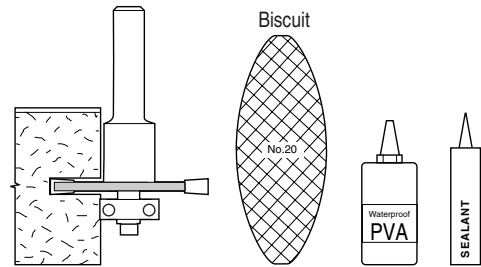
**Routing the bolt recess in the female part of the joint** 



**Sealing the Joint**

The cut edges of the joint should be coated with a water-resistant adhesive, or sealant before assembly, to prevent moisture seeping into the core of the worktops, which would swell, and disfigure the worktop.

Use a fine grit abrasive paper to clean up the torn wood chips of both mating surfaces. Lightly run the abrasive paper along the edges to de-nib the cut chipboard edge. This will ensure a tidy joint is achieved.



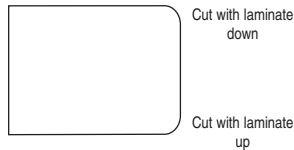
**Radius Corner**

**Special Note:** Due to the nature of this particular edge laminate, the radius corner will be more awkward to laminate.

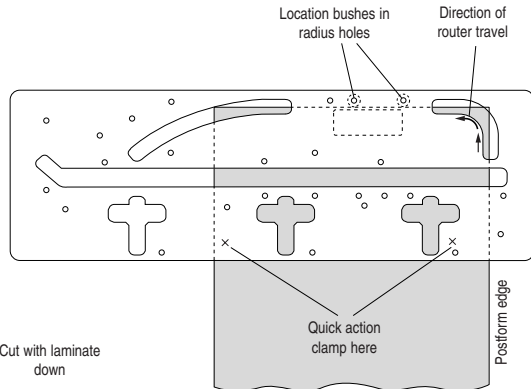
Insert the three location bushes in radius holes (R) as shown opposite. Locate the template on the worktop as illustrated ensuring the location bushes are touching the worktop edge. Clamp into position with quick action clamps.

When cutting the radius hold the router guide bush against the template radius. Feed left to right.

It is recommended that the router depth stops are used and three or four cuts are taken.

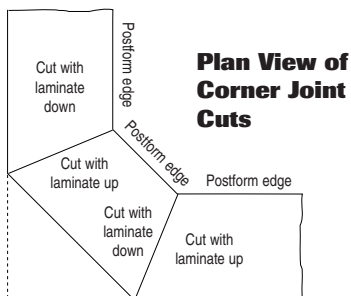


**Routing the Radius Corner**

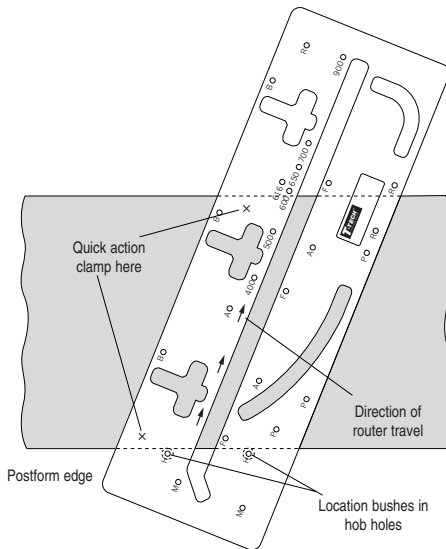


**22.5° Hob Mitre Joint** 

- For the left hand part of the 22.5° hob mitre joint fit bushes into holes marked hob (H). The label is uppermost.
- Clamp jig using quick action clamps or accessory clamps.
- When cutting keep guide bush against edge of template. Feed left to right into the postform edge.
- For opposing joint keep bushes in the same side.
- Repeat above operations for remainder of joint.



**Routing the Hob Mitre Joint** 



**Curved Peninsular** 

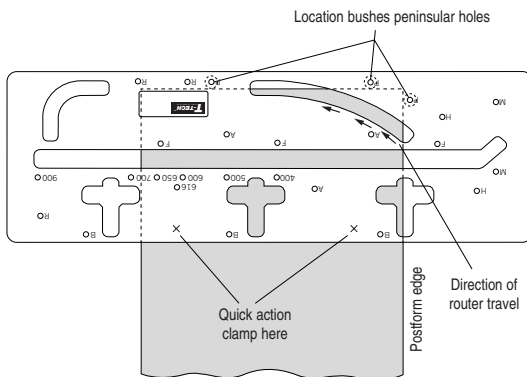
Insert the three location bushes in peninsular holes (P) as show.

Locate the template on the worktop as illustrated ensuring that location bushes are touching the worktop edge. Clamp into position with quick action clamps.

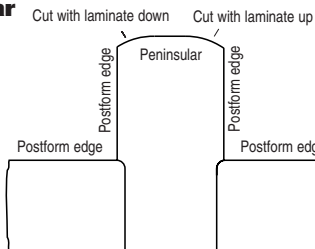
When cutting the curved peninsular, hold the router guide bush against the edge of the template. Cut from left to right.

It is recommended that depth stops are used and at least three or four cuts taken.

**Routing the Curved Peninsular** 



**Peninsular End Cuts**



**In order to prevent break out of the laminate, rotation of the cutter and feed direction of the router must always be into the postform edge of worktop.**

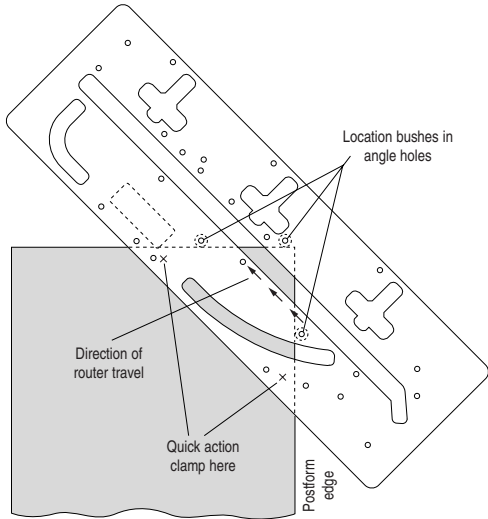
### 45° Angle End Cut

Insert the three location bushes into Angle holes (A) as shown.

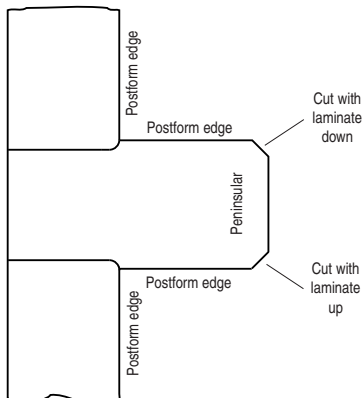
Locate the template on the worktop as illustrated ensuring that bushes are touching the worktop edge. Clamp using two quick action clamps.

It is recommended that depth stops are used and three or four cuts taken. Cut from left to right. Label must be facing down.

### Routing the 45° Angle End Cut



### Peninsular End Cuts



**In order to prevent break out of the laminate, rotation of the cutter and feed direction of the router must always be into the postform edge of worktop.**

## **MAINTENANCE**

The jig has been designed to operate over a long period of time with a minimum of maintenance. Continual satisfactory operation depends upon proper tool care and regular cleaning.

### ■ **Cleaning**

Regularly clean the jig with a soft cloth.

### ■ **Lubrication**

Your jig requires no additional lubrication.

## **RECYCLING**

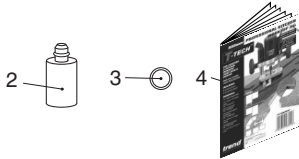
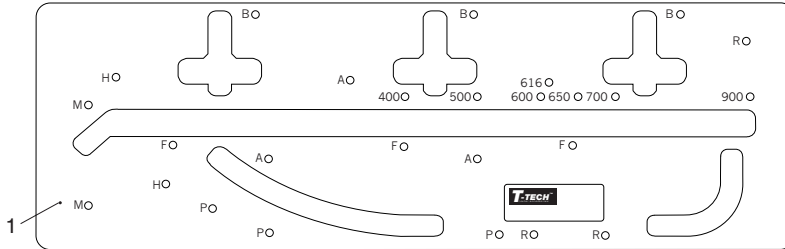
Jig, accessories and packaging should be sorted for environmentally friendly recycling.

## **GUARANTEE**

The jig carries a manufacturers guarantee in accordance with the conditions on the enclosed guarantee card.

**TT/KWJ900 - SPARE PARTS DIAGRAM**

**v1.0 03/2004**



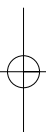
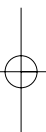
<b>TT/KWJ900 - SPARE PARTS LIST</b>			<b>v1.0 03/2004</b>
<b>No.</b>	<b>Qty.</b>	<b>Desc.</b>	<b>Ref.</b>
1	1	TT/KWJ900	TT/KWJ900
2	1	Alloy Bush for KWJ (pack of 3)	TT/KWJ/BPK
3	1	Combi Jig 'O' Ring Set for Bushes (pack of 5)	CJ/ORS
4	1	Manual	MANU/TT/900



**TROUBLE SHOOTING**

<b>Fault</b>	<b>Cause</b>	<b>Remedy</b>
■ Joint does not fit correctly at the radius.	Cutter or guide bush is the incorrect diameter or location bushes are not against worktop edge.	Check concentricity of cutter with guide bush. Cutter 12.7mm diameter with 30mm diameter guide bush. Ensure location bushes touch worktop.
■ The back edge of the joint does not line up.	Either the length stop or template was in the incorrect position, or the worktop has not pushed up against the length stop when the joint was cut.	Check position of length stop and re-cut joints.
■ When clamped together the joint has irregular gaps.	The guide bush has drifted away from the edge of the template whilst cutting either part of the joint, or wood chips in particle board have torn slightly.	Check with a straight edge which part of the joint is uneven and re-cut (this can only be done on the male cut) ensuring that the guide bush is kept against the template by machining from left to right. Use abrasive paper to remove torn wood chips.
■ Chipped laminate	Can be caused by a blunt cutter or removing too much material at one pass or exiting out of postform edge.	Always use sharp cutters and when cutting through the laminate cut 3–4mm of material. Maintain correct feed direction, to ensure cutter enters postform edge.
■ Jig slipping on material	Clamps not secure or too deep a cut being made or cutter is blunt.	Check clamps for wear. Clamp securely, take shallow passes, use a sharp cutter.
■ Cut joints not square	Router has tilted or operator has leaned heavily on router causing jig flex.	Ensure jig is supported and do not push hard on router taking shallow passes. Ensure weight of router is on supported part of jig and that the router is upright.
■ Assembled joint not flush or bowed	Worktop different thickness or worktop not flat (cupped).	Ensure worktop is same thickness and flat.





MANU/TT/900 v2.0



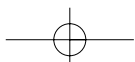
**Trend Machinery & Cutting Tools Ltd.**

**Technical Hotline:** \_\_\_\_\_ 01923 224681

**Email:** \_\_\_\_\_ technical@trendm.co.uk

**Web:** \_\_\_\_\_ www.trendmachinery.co.uk

© Copyright Trend 2006. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored or transmitted in any form without prior permission. Our policy of continuous improvement means that specifications may change without notice. Trend Machinery and Cutting Tools cannot be held liable for any material rendered unusable or any form of consequential loss. E&OE



**T-TECH**<sup>TM</sup>  
router accessories

# 900mm PROFESSIONAL KITCHEN WORKTOP JIG

## FOR CREATING A KITCHEN WORKTOP JOINT WITH A ROUTER

Made from durable  
12mm thick phenolic.

### INCLUDES:

- 3 x Setting Bushes
- 1 x Instruction Manual

### REQUIRES:

- 1/2" Collet Plunge Router
- 1/2" x 50mm TCT Router Cutter  
Ref. TT/50X1/2TC
- 30mm Guide Bush  
Ref. TT/GB30/B
- Universal Sub-base for Guide Bush  
Ref. TT/UNIBASE\*
- Two 100mm (4") Throat Clamps
- Panel Butt connectors  
Ref. TT/PC/10M

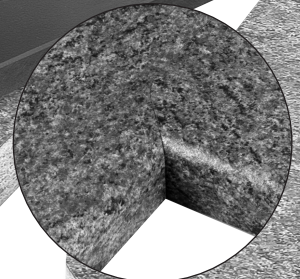
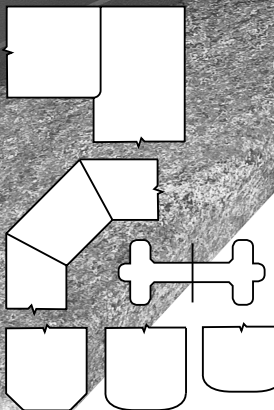
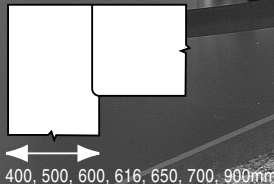
\*For certain makes and models of routers



**WORKTOP WIDTH**  
400mm → 900mm

**Curved Peninsular**  
45° End Cut  
Corner Radius  
22.5° Mitre Joint

### JOINT



**trend**<sup>®</sup>  
routing technology

Trend Machinery & Cutting Tools Ltd.  
Technical Hotline: 01923 224681  
Email: [technical@trendm.co.uk](mailto:technical@trendm.co.uk)  
Web: [www.trendmachinery.co.uk](http://www.trendmachinery.co.uk)

**TT/KWJ900**