



Section 1. Product and Company Identification.

1.1 Model Number; LED360R v2
1.2 Description; Rechargeable 360° Inspection Lamp 10 SMD LED + 3W LED Red Lithium-ion
3.7 Volts. 2.2 Ah. 17 grams.

1.3 Manufacturer;

Sealey Group.
Kempson Way,
Bury St. Edmunds,
Suffolk.
IP32 7AR

1.4 Emergency telephone number; 44 (0) 1284 757 500 (Office Hours)

Date of source compilation; 19 August 2015

Section 2. Hazards Identification.

Invasion routes: Eyes, skin contact, ingestion.

Health Hazard: Harmful if swallowed. Safe under normal conditions of use. Contents are non-reactive when the battery integrity and seals remain intact. **DO NOT OPEN or DISMANTLE. DO NOT EXPOSE TO FIRE or NAKED FLAME.** Burn / Explosion / Fire risks; do not mix with varying chemistries, sizes & types of battery. Do not crush or incinerate.

Environmental hazard: the internal electrolyte may cause adverse environmental impact.

Danger of fire and explosion: Risk is increased by high temperature and short circuit.



Section 3. Substances.

3.1 Chemical Name (substance)	3.1 CAS No.	3.2 Concentration Weight	Classification	
			Hazard Class & Category Code	Hazard Statements
NiCoMn	-	<40%	-	-
Graphite powder	7782-42-5	<30%	Eye Irrit. 2 STOT SE 3	H319 H335
Electrolyte Lithium Hexafluorophosphate	21324-40-3	<20%	Acute Tox. 3 Skin Corr. 1A Eye Dam. 1 STOT RE 1	H301 H314 H318 H372
Copper foil	7440-50-8	<10%	Acute Tox. 4 Skin Irrit. 2 Eye Irrit. 2 Acute Tox. 4 STOT SE 3 Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1	H302 H315 H319 H332 H335 H400 H410
Polyvinylidene fluoride	24937-79-9	<2%	Skin Irrit. 2 Eye Irrit. 2 STOT SE 3	H315 H319 H335
Aluminium foil	7429-90-5	0.5-5%	-	-
Nickel	7440-02-0	0.5-5%	-	-
Polyethylene	9002-88-4	0.5-5%	Aquatic Chronic 3 STOT SE 3	H412 H335

For full text of Phrases and Statements, see Section 16.



Section 4. First Aid Measures.

Lithium Batteries do not pose a risk to eyes or skin under normal circumstances.
In the case of contact with internal substances;

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

If breathing difficulties develop, remove the person to fresh air.

Loosen close fitting clothing.

Ensure that person is warm.

If mouth to mouth resuscitation is necessary, the person conducting this must takes steps to reduce the risk of contamination from toxic / corrosive substances that may be present.

Skin Contact

Remove contaminated clothing.

Flush affected area(s) with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes.

Get medical attention.

Eye Contact

Irrigate eyes with water for at least 15 minutes while raising eyelid(s).

Get medical attention.

Ingestion

If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Give large amounts of water but *do not* do this if casualty is unconscious.

Protection of First Aiders:

Use personal protective equipment.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No information available.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No information available.



Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures.

Recommended practice;

Always ensure that Personal Protection Equipment (PPE) is used.

If a battery becomes hot, immediately remove it from flammable materials and place on a non-combustible surface.

If possible, place a disintegrating device outdoors and allow it to burn out.

Fire condition; NB; ensure that electrical devices are turned off. Prevent electric shock risk.

If any batteries are burning, water may not extinguish them, but will cool the adjacent batteries and control the spread of fire.

5.1. Extinguishing media

Extinguishers;

Only use Graphite based CO₂ (Carbon dioxide), Dry Powder or Foam.

Copper powder fire extinguishers, sand, dry ground dolomite or soda ash may also be used. These materials act as smothering agents.

If possible, use a **LITH-X (powdered graphite)** extinguisher on small fires. This material acts as a smothering agent. *A sodium chloride powder extinguisher IS NOT suitable for use on Lithium Batteries.*

It may not be possible to extinguish burning lithium batteries. Burning batteries will burn themselves out. Do not use water with **LITH-X (powdered graphite)**.

- If a LITH-X (powdered graphite) extinguisher is not available;

Use copious amounts of water in a fine spray to swamp a fire.

Continue to use copious amounts of water until the fire is extinguished and the batteries are cooled.

NB: Lithium reacts with water to form Hydrogen. The fire will not be extinguished immediately.

Be aware of the increased risk of explosion.

NB; fire-fighting water runoff may be corrosive / toxic and may cause adverse environmental impact.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazard characteristics; thermal decomposition can lead to the release of toxic fumes.

Hazardous combustion products; carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, lithium oxide fumes.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Fragments may be ejected from a fire.

Fire Fighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and appropriate Personal Protective Equipment.



Section 6. Accidental Release Measures.

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

In the event of battery rupture and leakage,

- Ventilate the area.
- Wear appropriate protective clothing (see Section 7) to prevent eye and skin contact and to prevent inhalation of vapours or fumes.
- Remove sources of ignition.

6.2. Environmental precautions

No information available.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Absorb released materials with inert absorbent (dry sand or soil).

Collect released materials into sealed plastic bag or container.

Prevent material from contaminating soil or entering sewers or waterways.

Do not dispose of released materials with domestic waste

Do not allow product to enter ground water, water course or sewerage system.

Dispose of released materials in accordance with local authority regulations.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on Safe Handling

See Section 8 for information of Personal Protective Equipment.

See Section 13 for information on disposal.

Section 7. Handling and Storage.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Never dismantle or modify a battery.

Do not short circuit a battery. A short circuit causes heating and can lead to ignition of surrounding materials.

Physical contact with a short-circuited battery can cause skin burn.

When charging the battery, use dedicated chargers and follow the specified conditions.

Improperly charging a battery may cause the battery to combust.

Lithium batteries for transport by air in a state of charge must have no more than 30% charge of their rated capacity.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Always store batteries in an appropriate container to prevent contact with conductive materials.

Do not allow contact with water.

Store in original container. Keep container tightly closed.

Store in a dry, cool place.

Store at 20 °C (68°F); room temperature

Store away from ignition sources, heat, and incompatible materials.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Intended for use as the battery for the Model Number identified in 1.1 with Description stated in 1.2



Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection.

8.1. Control parameters

In the event of battery rupture and leakage:

Ventilate the area.

Remove sources of ignition.

8.2. Exposure controls

The use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) is not necessary under conditions of normal use.

If handling a leaking or ruptured battery, ensure that the following Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) is used.

Eye/Face Protection

Chemical grade full face shield

Skin Protection

Acid resistant, natural rubber or neoprene gloves.

Protective rubber apron

Appropriate Personal Protection with long sleeves and long trousers.

Respiratory Protection

Acid gas filter mask or self-contained breathing apparatus.

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties.

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

The following information is not a technical specification or sales specification.

(a) Appearance:	Solid object.
(b) Odour:	Not relevant to battery as supplied.
(c) Odour threshold:	Not relevant to battery as supplied.
(d) pH:	No information available.
(e) Melting point/freezing point:	Not relevant.
(f) Initial boiling point and boiling range:	Not relevant.
(g) Flash point:	No information available.
(h) Evaporation rate:	Not relevant to battery as supplied.
(i) Flammability (solid, gas):	No information available.
(j) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:	No information available.
(k) Vapour pressure:	Not relevant.
(l) Vapour density:	Not relevant.
(m) Relative density:	Not relevant.
(n) Solubility(ies):	Insoluble in water.
(o) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:	Not relevant.
(p) Auto-ignition temperature:	If heated above 130°C, Cells can explode.
(q) Decomposition temperature:	No information available.
(r) Viscosity:	Not relevant.
(s) Explosive properties:	No information available.
(t) Oxidising properties:	No information available.

9.2 Other information

No information available.



Section 10. Stability and Reactivity.

10.1. Reactivity	No data available.
10.2. Chemical stability	The product is stable under normal conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	No data available.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	Do not subject Li-ion Battery to mechanical shock. Vibration encountered during transportation does not cause leakage, fire or explosion. Do not dismantle, crush, short or install with incorrect polarity. Avoid mechanical or electrical abuse.
10.5. Incompatible materials	No data available.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	May release toxic fumes if burned or exposed to fire.

Section 11. Toxicological Information.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Risk of irritation occurs only if the cell is mechanically, thermally or electrically abused to the point of compromising the enclosure. If this occurs, irritation to the skin, eyes and respiratory tract may occur.

Potential health risks;

Eye; Contact with battery contents may cause severe irritation and burns. Eye damage is possible.

Skin; Contact with battery contents may cause severe irritation and burns.

Absorption through the skin will cause localized inflammation.

Ingestion; may cause severe and permanent damage to the digestive tract. May cause circulatory system failure.

Contents of an open battery can cause serious chemical burns to the mouth, oesophagus and gastrointestinal tract.

Inhalation; Inhalation of vapours or fumes released due to heat or leaking batteries may cause respiratory irritation. Irritation may lead to chemical pneumonitis.

Inhalation can produce chronic productive cough and shortness of breath.



Section 12. Ecological Information.

When properly used and disposed of correctly, the battery does not present environmental hazard.
Do not release internal components into water ways, wastewater or ground water.

12.1. Toxicity	No information available.
12.2. Persistence and degradability	No information available.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	No information available.
12.4. Mobility in soil	No information available.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	No information available.
12.6. Other adverse effects	No information available.

Section 13. Disposal Considerations.

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal of the battery must be in accordance with local authority regulation requirements for hazardous waste treatment and hazardous waste transportation.

The battery should be completely discharged prior to disposal and the terminals taped or capped to prevent short circuit.

Do not dispose of batteries at landfill sites.

Do not incinerate batteries.



Section 14. Transport Information.

ADR. International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

14.1. UN number	UN 3481
14.2. Name and Description	Lithium ion batteries packed with equipment
	Label 9
	Special Provisions 188 230 348 376 377 360 636
	Limited Quantities 0
	Excepted Quantities E0
	Packing Instructions P903 P908 P909 LP903 LP904
	Special Packaging Provisions -
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	Class 9
	Classification Code M4
	Transport Category 2
	Tunnel restriction code E
14.4. Packing group	P903 P908 P909 LP903 LP904
14.5. Environmental hazards	Does not present an environmental hazard.
14.6. Special precautions for user	No special precautions necessary.

IATA. International Air Transport Association.

14.1. UN number	UN 3481
14.2. UN Proper Shipping Name/Description	Lithium ion batteries packed with equipment
	Hazard Label. Miscellaneous
	Excepted Quantity E0
	Packaging Instructions Passenger 966 Section II
	Ltd Qty Forbidden
	Cargo 966 Section II
	ERG Code 9F
	Special Provisions A88 A99 A154 A164
	A181 A185
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	Class or Division 9
14.4. Packing group	-
14.5. Environmental hazards	Does not present an environmental hazard.
14.6. Special precautions for user	No special precautions necessary.

IMDG. International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

14.1. UN number	UN 3481
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Lithium ion batteries packed with equipment
	Special Provisions 188 230 348 360 957
	Limited Quantities 0
	Excepted Quantities E0
	Packaging Instructions P903
	Packing Provisions -
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	Class or Division 9
	Subsidiary Risk(s) -
14.4. Packing group	II
14.5. Environmental hazards	Does not present an environmental hazard.
14.6. Special precautions for user	No special precautions necessary.
14.7. Transport in bulk – Maritime only.	Bulk transport is not applicable to this product



Section 15. Regulatory Information.

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
No information available.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment
No information available.

Section 16. Additional Information.

Full text of Phrases and Statements used in Section 3;

- H302: Harmful if swallowed.
- H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- H315: Causes skin irritation.
- H318: Causes serious eye damage.
- H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
- H332: Harmful if inhaled.
- H335: May cause respiratory irritation.
- H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.
- H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The above information is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available.

No warranty is expressed or implied by the above information.

We assume no liability resulting from use of the above information.

The end user should conduct their own investigations to determine the suitability of the above information for their particular purpose.

Issue level	Date	Revisions
1	05/05/16	First issue.
2	16/06/16	Section 3

End of Safety Data Sheet.